## Bradford Bypass Tolling Evaluation





- Evaluate utilization and revenue associated with tolling the proposed Bradford Bypass
- Compare the tolled and untolled scenarios
- Develop business case related to tolling

#### **Baseline scenarios**

- Opening day 2031 travel demand (trip matrices) consistent with the ongoing Preliminary Design/EA update
- Baseline 2031 scenarios (without GTAW):
  - A. Untolled
  - B. Tolled using current Hwy 407 East rates

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#### Some key assumptions

- 2 general-purpose lanes in each direction (no HOV lanes)
- Full interchanges at Hwy 400, Hwy 404, Yonge St. and Leslie St.



 Baseline 2031 scenarios do not include the GTAW corridor



### More key assumptions

Use Hwy. 407 East tolling structure as baseline

\$/km	Weekday				Weekend		
	6 am - 10 am	10 am - 3 pm	3 pm - 7 pm	7 pm - 6 am		11 am - 7 pm	7 pm - 11 am
Auto/light truck	.30	.24	.30	.19		.23	.19
Single-unit (medium) truck	.59	.47	.59	.39		.45	.39
Multi-unit (heavy) truck	.89	.71	.89	.58		.68	.58

- Tolls assessed between interchanges
- Willingness-to-pay to save time (value of time)
  based on HOTL surveys as starting point –
  adjusted through calibration of GGHM

\$/h	sov	HOV2	HOV3+	Light truck	Medium truck	Heavy truck
HOTL survey values	\$20/h	\$23/h	\$26/h	\$35/h	\$50/h	\$70/h
Calibrated values	\$36/h	\$42/h	\$47/h	\$60/h	\$69/h	\$104/h





### **Modelling methodology**

- Use of MTO's GGHM (macroscopic travel demand forecasting model) to assign the same traffic demand to the network:
  - with and without tolls on the Bypass
  - under other alternative scenarios
- Model assigns traffic to the Bypass vs. alternative routes based on:
  - Trip origins and destinations
  - Relative travel times on routes including the Bypass and on alternative routes not including the Bypass
  - Toll rates on the Bypass and the willingness of drivers to pay the toll in exchange for travel time saved (and other perceived advantages)



#### Revenue expansion methodology

- Needed to expand AM peak hour traffic volumes (from the model) and toll revenues to weekly/annual values
- The proposed methodology
  - recognizes vehicle classes and toll rates
  - based on available hourly traffic distribution data (Cordon Count and MTO VDS) for 20 407ETR and Highway 407 East counting stations across the GTA

(tolled highway used as an analogue since traffic volumes on tolled highways likely to be proportionately lower than untolled highways during off-peak periods and weekends)

- Provisional expansion factors pending evaluation of Highway 407 East traffic counts:
  - AM peak hour to weekday: 8.97
  - weekday to week: 6.01
  - week to annual: 51.25

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- Calibration of the GGHM was refined for the AM peak hour
  - calibration challenging for the mid-day and PM peak periods
  - decision made jointly with SAFO to base evaluation on AM peak hour modelling to meet timelines)
- Baseline scenarios modelled using the calibrated GGHM
- Methodology developed to expand modelled AM peak-hour traffic volumes/toll revenue to annual levels
  - (provisional pending consideration of traffic data from Highway 407 East)
- Preliminary results developed for the baseline scenarios



Veh/hour		Untolled	Tolled	Difference
Eastbound	Hwy 400 - Yonge	2,500	1,900	-24%
	Yonge - Leslie	3,750	3,380	-10%
	Leslie - Hwy 404	3,590	3,150	-12%
Westbound	Hwy 404 - Leslie	2,370	1,670	-30%
	Leslie - Yonge	2,740	2,010	-27%
	Yonge - Hwy 400	2,930	1,710	-42%



	\$2016
Average week	\$1,335,000
Annual	\$68,401,000

#### Note:

- These are gross estimates they have not been adjusted for tolling costs
- The numbers may change slightly when the expansion process is verified and enhanced

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- Refine and finalize volume/revenue expansion methodology (consider Hwy 407 East data)
- Identify, develop, and evaluate:
  - Sensitivity scenarios (tolling structure, rates, willingnessto-pay, impact of GTAW, etc.)
  - Optimization' evaluate relationship between different toll structure/rates and utilization (elasticity) - consider balance between utilization and revenue
  - 2041 scenarios
- Extract and expand inputs for estimation of benefits/disbenefits associated with tolling (travel time cost, vehicle operating cost, collision cost)
- Estimate costs associated with tolling implementation and operation
- Develop business case (financial, economic, strategic) for 3 key scenarios (scenarios to be determined)
- Undertake screenline analysis to assess changes in area traffic patterns resulting from tolling of the Bypass



# Thank you!

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